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APPLICATION NO.	F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/034,411		12/27/2001	Michael N. Kloos	29250/CE08453I	1168
22917	7590	03/01/2006	EXAMINER		INER
MOTOROL	•		BOAKYE, ALEXANDER O		
1303 EAST A	1303 EAST ALGONQUIN ROAD				PAPER NUMBER
SCHAUMBU	JRG, IL	60196	2667		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		10/034,411	KLOOS ET AL.				
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit				
		ALEXANDER BOAKYE	2667				
Period for	- The MAILING DATE of this communication ap		l				
	• •	VICTORYPIDE 3 MON	ITH/C\ OD THIDTY (20\ DAYO				
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE _3_ MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1)🛛 🗆	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>27 L</u>	December 2001.					
·	This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.						
3) 🗌 🤃	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
•	closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Dispositio	on of Claims						
4)🖂 (4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-24</u> is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
	5) Claim(s) 1-4 and 9-16 is/are allowed.						
· -	6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>5-8,17,23 and 24</u> is/are rejected.						
7)🛛 (Claim(s) <u>18-22</u> is/are objected to.						
8) 🗌 (8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application	on Papers						
9)□ Т	he specification is objected to by the Examin	er					
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	= * *	• •				
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority u	nder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
•	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
2	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
;	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
	application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment(•	🗂					
	of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da					
3) 🔲 Inform	ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08 No(s)/Mail Date		atent Application (PTO-152)				

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35
 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this
 Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 17, 23 and 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Wan (6,044,069).

Regarding claim 17, Wan teaches a method for receiving at a base station having an associated cell site identifier (ID), a time slot of information having a training period therein (see Fig. 1; the claimed cell site identifier is resident at the base station as evidenced by Wan) the method comprising: receiving the time slot of information and outputting a receive signal based thereon (column 15, lines 41-42); determining if the training period includes the cell site ID associated with the base station (column 15,lines 41-47; the claimed training period is inherent in the synchronization sequence 606 of Wan); discarding the time slot of information if the cell site ID is not included in the training period (column 20,

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lines 63-64; the claimed training period is inherent in the synchronization sequence 606 of Wan); decoding the time slot of information if the cell site ID is not included (column 15, lines 41-47).

Regarding claim 23, Wan teaches that the cell site ID comprises a global cell site identifier of the base station (the claimed global cell site identifier is contained at the base station of Wan).

Regarding claim 24, Wan teaches that the cell site ID comprises a local cell site identifier of the base station (the claimed local cell site identifier is resident at the mobile unit memory).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 2. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 5, 6, 7 and 8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Malkamaki et al. (EPA # 0615352).

Regarding claim 5, Malkamaki teaches a method of sending information from a mobile station to a base station having an associated cell site identifier (column 3, lines 51-53), the method comprising: obtaining the cell site ID associated with the base station (the claimed cell site ID associated with the

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base station is inherent in the base); determining an appropriate time slot in which to transmit information (see Fig. 2); determining if a training waveform is to be transmitted during the appropriate time slot (column 4, lines 50-55; the claimed training waveform corresponds to training sequence of Malkamaki) and transmitting the cell site ID associated with the base station when the training waveform is not transmitted during the appropriate time slot (column 4, lines 44-50). Malkamaki differs from the claimed invention in that Malkamaki does not explicitly disclose training period. One of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to incorporate a training period into the communication network of Malkamaki in order to obtain correct time slot. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to incorporate a training period into the communication network of Malkamaki with motivation being that it provides correct time slot.

Regarding claim 6, Malkamaki teaches that the cell site ID comprises a global cell site identifier of the base station (the claimed global cell site identifier is inherent in the base station of Malkamaki).

Regarding claim 7, Malkamaki teaches that the cell site ID comprises a local cell site identifier of the base station (the local cell site identifier is stored in the mobile unit memory).

Regarding claim 8, Malkamaki teaches sending information to the base station in a time-multiplexed manner (see Fig. 2; Time-division multiple access, TDMA, is a multiplexing technique for sharing a transmission medium, the

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bandwidth of the transmission medium is shared by establishing a sequence of time slots during which individual sources can transmit signals).

Allowable Subject Matter

3. Claims 18-22 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Claims 1-4 and 9-16 are allowable.

The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: As to claims 1-4, the prior art of record does not teach a second instruction set stored in the memory and adapted to cause the processor to determine an appropriate time slot in which to transmit information; a third instruction set stored in the memory and adapted to cause the processor to determine if a training waveform is to be transmitted during a training period of the appropriate time slot; and a fourth instruction set stored in the memory and adapted to cause the processor to control the transmitter to send the cell site ID associated with the base station when the training waveform is not transmitted during the training period of the appropriate time slot.

As to claims 9-16, the prior art of record does not teach a second instruction set stored in the memory and adapted to cause the processor to discard the time slot of information if the cell site identifier is not included in the training period; a third instruction set stored in the memory and adapted to cause

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the processor to decode the time slot of information if the cell site ID is included

in the training period.

Conclusion

4. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from

the examiner should be directed to Alexander Boakye whose telephone number

is (571) 272-3183. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F from 8:30am

to 6:00pm. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the

examiner's supervisor, Chi Pham, can be reached on (571) 272-3179. The

Central Fax number is (571) 273-8300. Any inquiry of a general nature or

relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the

Electronic Business Center numbers 866-217-9197 and 703-305-3028.

Alexander Boakye

Patent Examiner

6/8/06

CHI PHAM

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